

## Ecotox Report for Case # P-19-0009

### General

<b>Status</b>	12/10/2018	<b>Report Status:</b>	Complete
<b>Date:</b>		<b>CRSS Date:</b>	
<b>SAT</b>		<b>SAT</b>	
<b>Date:</b>		<b>Chair:</b>	
<b>Consolidated</b>	N	<b>Consolidated Set:</b>	
<b>PMN:</b>			
<b>Ecotox</b>			
<b>Related Cases:</b>			
<b>Health Related</b>			
<b>Cases:</b>			
<b>Submitter:</b>	Allnex USA Inc.		
<b>CAS</b>			
<b>Number:</b>			
<b>Chemical</b>			
<b>Name:</b>			
<b>Use:</b>	Corrosion protection additive in resin for cathodic electrodeposition dip coating for metal substrates. Amine FGEW = 777 by charge, 782 by termination. Formaldehyde FGEW = 981 by charge, 1565 by termination. Combined FGEW = 434 by charge, 521 by termination.		
<b>Trade</b>	RESYDROLA®		
<b>Name:</b>	SWE 5862/37 liquid coating resins		
<b>PV-max(kg/yr):</b>		<b>Ecotox</b>	Gallagher,
		<b>Assessor:</b>	Jeffrey

### Fate Summary Statement

<b>Fate</b>	P-19-0009
<b>Summary</b>	FATE:
<b>Statement:</b>	MW = 3129 with 1.2% < 500 and 5.7% < 1000
	S =
	Disp.
	VP < 1.0E-6 torr at 25 °C (E)
	BP > 400 °C (E)

H <  
 1.00E-8 (E)  
 POTW removal (%) = 90 via sorption  
 Time for complete  
 ultimate aerobic biodeg > mo  
 Sorption to soils/sediments =  
 v.strong  
 PBT Potential: P3B1  
 FATE: Migration to ground water =  
 negl

## Physical Chemical Information

<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	3129.0	
<b>Wt% &lt; 500:</b>	1.2	<b>Wt% &lt; 1000:</b> 5.7
<b>Physical State - Neat:</b>		
<b>Melting Point:</b>		<b>Melting Point (est):</b>
<b>MP (EPI):</b>		
<b>Vapor Pressure:</b>		<b>Vapor Pressure (est):</b> <0.000001
<b>VP (EPI):</b>		
<b>Water Solubility:</b>		<b>Water Solubility (est):</b> Disperible
<b>Water Solubility (EPI):</b>		
<b>Henry's Law::</b>		
<b>Log Koc:</b>		<b>Log Koc (EPI):</b>
<b>Log Kow:</b>		<b>Log Kow (EPI):</b>
<b>Log Kow Comment:</b>		

## SAT

### Concern Level

<b>Ecotox Rating (1):</b>	3
<b>Ecotox Rating Comment (1):</b>	
<b>Ecotox Rating (2):</b>	

**Ecotox  
Rating Comment  
(2):**  
**Ecotox Route of Exposure:** All releases to water

### Ecotox Comments

**Exposure Based Review  
(Eco):**  
**Ecotox Comments:**  
**Exposure Based Testing:**

### PBT Ratings

Persistence	Bioaccumulation	Toxicity	Comments

### Eco-Toxicity Comment:

### Fate Ratings

Removal in WWT/POTW (Overall): Condition	Rating Values	Rating Description				Comment
	1	2	3	4		
<b>Fish BCF:</b>						
<b>Log Fish BCF:</b>						
<b>WWT/POTW Sorption:</b>	Low	Moderate	Strong	V. Strong		
<b>WWT/POTW Stripping:</b>	Extensive	Moderate	Low	Negligible		
<b>Biodegradation Removal:</b>	Unknown	High	Moderate	Negligible		
<b>Biodegradation Destruction:</b>	Unknown	Complete	Partial	—		
<b>Aerobic Biodeg Ult:</b>	<= Days	Weeks	Months	> Months		
<b>Aerobic Biodeg Prim:</b>	<= Days	Weeks	Months	> Months		
		Weeks	Months	> Months		

Removal in WWT/POTW (Overall): Condition	Rating Values	Rating Description				Comment
		1	2	3	4	
Anaerobic Biodeg Ult:		<= Days				
Anaerobic Biodeg Prim:		<= Days	Weeks	Months	> Months	
Hydrolysis (t1/2 at pH 7,25C) A:		<= Minutes	Hours	Days	>= Months	
Hydrolysis (t1/2 at pH 7,25C) B:		<= Minutes	Hours	Days	>= Months	
Sorption to Soils/Sediments:		V. Strong	Strong	Moderate	Low	
Migration to Ground Water:		Negligible	Slow	Moderate	Rapid	
Photolysis A, Direct:		Negligible	Slow	Moderate	Rapid	
Photolysis B, Indirect:		Negligible	Slow	Moderate	Rapid	
Atmospheric Ox A, OH:		Negligible	Slow	Moderate	Rapid	
Atmospheric Ox B, O3:		Negligible	Slow	Moderate	Rapid	
Bio Comments:						
Fate Comments:						

### Ecotoxicity Values

Test organism	Test Type	Test Endpoint	Predicted	Experimental	Comments
Fish	96-h	LC50	2.4		
Daphnid	48-h	LC50	4.9		
Green Algae	96-h	EC50	0.67		
Fish	-	Chronic Value	0.13		
Daphnid	-	Chronic Value	0.35		
Green Algae	-	Chronic Value	0.18		
<b>Ecotox Value</b> EPA determined environmental hazard for this new chemical substance based on SAR predictions for cationic polymers (special class within ECOSAR v.2.0; 1.8% A-N [using amine FGEW of 777]); MW					

Test organism	Test Type	Test Endpoint	Predicted	Experimental	Comments
	3129				with 1.2% <500 and 5.7% <1000; [REDACTED] with an unknown MP (P); S = dispersible (P); effective concentrations based on 100% active ingredients and nominal concentrations; hardness <150 mg/L as CaCO <sub>3</sub> ; and TOC <2.0 mg/L; Mitigation of toxicity expected in the presence of 10 mg TOC/L, i.e., 22x humic acid mitigation due to 1.8% A-N.

### Ecotox Factors

Factors	Most Sensitive Endpoint	Assessment Factor	CoC	Comment
Acute Aquatic (ppb):	670	4	168	Algal EC50
Chronic Aquatic(ppb):	130	10	13	Fish chronic value
Factors	Values	Comments		
SARs:	Polycationic Polymers			
SAR	Polymers-cationic-			
Class:	dispersible-1.8%			
	A-N			
TSCA NCC				
Category?	Polycationic Polymers			

### Recommended Testing:

#### Ecotox Factors Environmental

**Comments:** Hazard: Environmental hazard is relevant to whether a new chemical substance is likely to present unreasonable risk because the significance of the risk is dependent upon both the hazard (or toxicity) of the chemical substance and the extent of exposure to the substance. EPA determined environmental hazard for this new chemical substance based on SAR predictions for cationic polymers (special class within ECOSAR v.2.0; 1.8% A-N [using amine FGEW of 777])). Acute toxicity values estimated for fish, aquatic invertebrates and algae are 2.4 mg/L, 4.9 mg/L, and 0.67 mg/L, respectively. Chronic toxicity values estimated for fish, aquatic invertebrates, and algae are 0.13 mg/L, 0.35 mg/L, and 0.18 mg/L for fish, aquatic invertebrates, and algae, respectively. These toxicity values indicate that the new chemical substance is expected to have high environmental hazard. Application of assessment factors of 4 and 10 to

acute and chronic toxicity values, respectively, results in acute and chronic concentrations of concern of 0.168mg/L (168 ppb) and 0.013 mg/L (13 ppb), respectively.

Environmental Risk: Risks to the environment were evaluated by comparing estimated surface water concentrations with the acute and chronic concentrations of concern. Acute risks to the environment were not identified due to releases to water that did not exceed the acute COC. Chronic risks to the environment were identified for this PMN based on the chronic COC of 13 ppb being exceeded for [REDACTED] (surface water concentration [SWC]: 38.7 ppb) during processing and being exceeded for [REDACTED] (SWC: 148 ppb) during use.

### Comments/Telephone Log

Artifact	Update/Upload Time
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